

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



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For the Year Ended March 31, 2020

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICES

4N498 TOWNHALL ROAD ST. CHARLES, ILLINOIS

John Kupar
Supervisor

Elizabeth Murphy
Richard Johansen
Town Clerk
Thomas Stutesman

Sam Gallucci
Highway Commissioner

Steven Galloway
Alan Rottmann

Assessor

	Page(s)
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1-2
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	D&A 1-7
GENERAL PURPOSE EXTERNAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	3
Statement of Activities	4
Fund Financial Statements	
Governmental Funds	
Balance Sheet	5
Reconciliation of Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position	6
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	7
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities	8
Notes to Financial Statements	9-32
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	
General (Town) Fund	33 34
Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	35

TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

	Page(s)
GENERAL PURPOSE EXTERNAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)	
Required Supplementary Information (Continued)	
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	
Schedule of Employer Contributions	36
Schedule of Changes in the Employers' Net Pension Liability	
and Related Ratios	37
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	38
COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND	
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES	
TINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES	
MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual	
General (Town) Fund	39-41
Road and Bridge Fund	42-43
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	
Open Space Fund.	44-45
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	
Capital Improvements Fund	46
SUPPLEMENTAL DATA	
Schedule of Land Cash Money	47
Schedule of Land Purchases	48





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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Town Supervisor Members of the Board of Trustees Campton Township St. Charles, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Campton Township, St. Charles, Illinois (the Township) as of and for the year ended March 31, 2020, and the related notes to financial statements which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Township's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Campton Township, St. Charles, Illinois, as of March 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the other required supplementary information listed in the accompanying table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as a whole. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the supplemental data are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The supplemental data has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance thereon.

Sikich LLP Naperville, Illinois July 24, 2020

GENERAL PURPOSE EXTERNAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CAMPTON TOWNSHIP MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2020

Our discussion and analysis of Campton Township's financial performance provides an overview of the Township's financial activities for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2020. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented in conjunction with the Township's financial statements as a whole.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The net assets of the Township exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$38,470,054 (net position) which represents a \$3,907,349 increase in net assets. Eighty-one percent of the net asset increase is attributed to the decrease in total liabilities from debt service payments. During 2020 fiscal year, the principal payments for the Open Space General Obligation Bonds reduced debt in the amount of \$3,183,261.
- For the year the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, indicates total expenditures exceeded total revenues by \$526,454. The General Fund and the Road and Bridge Fund had surpluses; while the Open Space Fund and the Capital Improvements Fund had budgeted deficiencies and a \$680,181 increase in capital outlay.
- The cost of programs had a total increase of 4.4%. There were significant variances between entities with the most significant increase in parks and recreation attributable to purchasing property for a park. The next significant increase was in Open Space from capital outlay.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$378,625 or approximately 57% of total General Fund expenditures. The Road and Bridge Fund had a restricted fund balance of \$1,389,482 which represents approximately 63% of total Road and Bridge expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to the financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the Township as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Township's finances. Fund financial statements begin on page 5. For governmental funds, these fund financial statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Township's operation in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Township's individual funds.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements provide readers with a broad overview of the Township's finances, in a matter similar to a private-sector business. The government wide financial statements can be found on pages 3 - 4 of this report.

The Statement of Net Position reports information on all of the Township's assets with deferred outflows and liabilities with deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Township is improving or deteriorating. Consideration of other non-financial factors, such as changes in the Township's property tax base is necessary to assess the overall health of the Township.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Township's net position changed during the fiscal year ending March 31, 2020. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event that causes the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

The Notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The governmental activities of the Township include general government, public welfare, recreation and preservation of open land. Real estate taxes and governmental revenues (e.g. grants, permit fees) finance these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Township, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Township are classified as governmental funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the Township's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Township maintains four governmental funds. Information is presented separately for the major funds and combines the non-major governmental funds in the balance sheet and in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. The major funds are the General (Town) Fund (includes General Assistance), Road and Bridge Fund, and Open Space Fund. The remaining non-major governmental fund is the Capital Improvements Fund.

The Township adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of the governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement for these funds has been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget in the required supplementary information section.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found starting on page 9 of this report. Included in the notes is the information concerning the Township's detail for long-term debt, Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) pension obligations and new reporting for other postemployment health care benefits (OPEB). Following the notes is required supplementary information reporting the available years of trend information concerning the OPEB and IMRF funds. The new pronouncements recommend the schedules should include the last ten years of information but until ten years of data can be compiled as many years of available information will be presented in the supplementary information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Statement of Net Position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The following tables show that in the case of the Township, assets exceeded liabilities by \$38,470,054.

The \$3,907,349 increase represents a combination of changes.

Statement of Net Position As of March 31

120 01 1.141 01	-	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Current and Other Assets	\$	14,337,738	14,362,812
Current and Other Assets	Φ	14,337,736	14,302,012
Capital Assets	_	58,136,359	57,427,601
Total assets		72,474,097	71,790,413
Deferred Outflows of Resources		353,769	631,813
Total assets & deferred outflows of resources		72,827,866	72,422,226
Current Liabilities		512,737	428,055
Non-current debt due within one year		4,011,387	3,698,526
Long-Term Debt Outstanding	_	22,364,728	26,572,828
Total Liabilities		26,888,852	30,699,409
Deferred Inflows of Resources		7,468,960	7,160,112
Total liabilities & deferred inflows of resources		34,357,812	37,859,521
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets		32,999,349	29,039,251
Restricted for			
Road and bridges		1,389,482	1,298,018
Open Spaces		3,987,412	4,118,779
Unrestricted	_	93,811	106,657
Total Net Position	\$_	38,470,054	34,562,705

Current and other assets decreased \$25,074, consisting of an increase in receivables (taxes \$235K) and prepaids offset by \$309K decrease in cash and investments. Road and Town both had increases in cash and investments offset by a decrease in Open Space. The receivable taxes

and deferred revenue for property taxes represents 2019 tax levy payable in 2020 for Open Space GO Bond debt; General Town levy and Road and Bridge levy and increased approximately 2.9%.

The most significant change was a \$3,810,557 decrease in total liabilities (excluding deferred inflows of resources). This decrease consisted of bond debt payments of \$3,170,000 GO Bonds and \$13,260 IGA (Kane County) water resource bond debt and the net decrease long term debt interest.

Net investment in capital assets (for example, land, buildings, equipment) accounts for a major portion of the Township's net position. Non-depreciable capital assets total \$50,543,084 of the net Capital Assets of \$58,136,359. The net capital assets by fund are: \$2.86 million – General (Town) Fund; \$8.1 million - Road and Bridge Fund; \$47.1 million - Open Space Fund. These capital assets are primarily comprised of land, buildings and equipment that provide services and opportunities for citizens. Consequently, these assets are not available for spending. See the notes for additional information regarding capital assets on page 17 - 18 of this report.

Statement of Activities For the Years Ending March 31

Revenues:		<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Program Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$	215,600	142,693
Operating grants &			
contributions		499,506	441,046
Capital grants & contributions		395,000	0
General Revenues			
Property Taxes		7,038,013	6,804,857
Replacement Taxes		7,827	5,796
Investment Income		222,406	215,210
Gain on disposal capital assets		180,220	0
Miscellaneous		48,364	41,670
Total Revenues	\$	8,606,936	7,651,272
Expenses:			
General Government	\$	386,082	596,043
Road and Bridges		2,114,297	2,163,879
Parks and recreation		442,992	87,096
Open Space		727,303	603,800
Interest on Long Term Debt		1,028,913	1,050,948
Total Expenses	\$	4,699,587	4,501,766
Laurence (December 2) in Net			
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$	3,907,349	3,149,506
Tosition	Ψ	3,707,347	3,147,500
Net Position - Beginning		34,562,705	31,608,909
Change in accounting principles		0	(195,710)
Net Position - Beginning Restated		34,562,705	31,413,199
Net Position - Ending	\$	38,470,054	34,562,705
		-	

(See independent auditor's report.) MD&A 4

Statement of Activities

In 2019, there was a change in accounting principle creating a prior period restatement to record the total OPEB liability needed for adopting GASB No.75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB).

Changes in Net Position

There was an increase in net position of \$3,907,349. Expenses for governmental activities increased \$197,821; decreased expenses in General government and Highways was offset by \$356K increase in Parks and recreation because of a new park property purchase. Open Space expenses increased also due to capital purchases and improvements offset by decrease interest expense on long term debt. The debt restructuring in 2018-19 created steadily decreasing interest expense per the debt service table on page 22. Other key elements in the change are as follows:

- Charges for Services include: General government's room rental fees; Parks' field fees; Road's culvert, access & overweight permits; Open Space's wetland income, license income, permit & field fees. The \$73K increase from previous year's charges for services resulted from \$78K increase in Open Space wetland income, and Highways and Streets \$3K decrease in culvert and overweight permits issued.
- Operating grants and contributions include Open Space grants/donations include the Build America Bonds tax rebate; Highways and Streets intergovernmental income. Open Space this year received total donations of \$22,193 from various sources CF Preservation Society, Open Space Foundation, private and various fund-raising events. The majority of the intergovernmental income to Highways and Streets is from the Village of Campton Hills. The Road District receives revenue under the intergovernmental agreements originally created in 2007 between the newly created Village of Campton Hills (VCH) and the Campton Township Road District. These agreements provided for the Road District to continue to maintain the roads previously under the Township Road District jurisdiction and to perform additional work as requested by VCH for roads located in Plato Township. In total, the Road District's Intergovernmental contributions increased approximately \$15,000. The largest increase was due to additional funding from the increased rate of State taxes (motor fuel tax) for road resurfacing (\$49K) offset by a decrease (\$29K) in VCH roadwork in Plato Township.
- Capital grants A \$395,000 grant/donation by a private individual on the sale of his property to the Township for a park occurred during the fiscal year.
- Property taxes levied for General Fund and Road and Bridge increased by 3.06% for fiscal year 2020. This reflects the increase in the rate of inflation, plus new construction in the Township that was added to the Township assessment records. Property taxes levied for Open Space are set by resolution from the various bond issuances and increased by \$161K which represents a 3.67% increase for this year. The Open Space tax receipts are restricted to general obligation bond payments only; this revenue offsets the amount of general obligation bond interest and principal payments due during the fiscal year.
- Investment income reflects an increase. During fiscal year 2019-2020 interest rates were high but have dropped significantly since the pandemic. Interest income is not the primary source of revenue for the Township and Highway District. Open Space reported \$39,511 in unrealized gain on investments. The unrealized gain or loss fluctuates based on the market value of investments as of March 31st each year.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Township uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Township's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. As of the end of the current fiscal year, combined ending fund balances were \$6.88 million, which is a 3.45% decrease from last year's total of \$7.12 million. The fund balances with increases were: \$18.6K in the General (Town) Fund and \$109K in the Road and Bridge Fund. There were decreases of \$352K in the Open Space and \$22K in the Capital Improvements Fund both due to land purchases and capital expenditures.

At the end of the current fiscal year for the major funds, there was an unassigned fund balance of \$378,625 for the General Fund, restricted and unrestricted funds for the Road and Bridge Fund of \$1,489,918 and \$4,836,136 of restricted and unrestricted funds for the Open Space Fund; these funds may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations and programs.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Township board approved amended budget line items under 10% from the original Township and Road District Budget Ordinances and a public hearing was held for unanticipated property and equipment purchases over 10%. All the amended line item adjustments were minor adjustments except for Town Park property and the Road Fund equipment purchases. These expenditure overages were offset as there were surpluses in other line items and the Road District ended the year with a \$108K surplus. The General – Town Fund also had a surplus of \$68K and transferred \$50K to the Capital Improvement Fund to provide funding for capital costs. The Open Space Fund operates on a budgeted deficit, though the administration and maintenance expenditures were approximately \$25K under the original budgeted expenditures for the fiscal year. The capital outlays in Open Space and Capital Improvements created unfavorable budget variances.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The Township's investment in capital assets as of March 31, 2020 was \$58,136,359 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, land improvements, buildings & improvements, equipment & vehicles and road infrastructure. Capital assets of land, building and improvements of \$199,820 were transferred from the Township Fund to the Open Space Fund. A public hearing was held to add the parcel to the Open Space program since it is adjacent to the Open Space Gray Willows property. The Burlington Road property was original acquired by foreclosure and the timing did not allow the parcel to be added to the Opens Space Program.

Land increased by \$181,000 with a property purchase for Town Fund Parks on Old Burlington Road. Net capital assets increased by \$527,758. This was a combination of capital additions of \$978,795 offset by annual depreciation of \$451,037 and net disposals of \$41,328. Capital additions by fund included: Town Fund – purchase of parcel on Old Burlington Road-Whitney Park, restoration (grant funding) of historic Whitney school house, Community Center basement restoration; Open Space – Corron Farm dairy barn restoration, JD 5100 tractor; Road and Bridge - 2018 F150 truck, two new stainless-steel beds for 6-wheel trucks, Intl. dump truck with plow, crack sealer, building alarm and security system.

Additional information of the Township's capital assets can be found in note 4 on pages 17 - 18.

Debt

At year-end, the Township Open Space program had outstanding bond debt of \$23,783,864. Reductions in bond debt this fiscal year: \$3,183,260 in principal payments, \$3,170,000 in GO bond debt and \$13,260 IGA water resource bonds through Kane County.

The Road Fund capital leases were reduced by \$21,242, as the final lease payment leaving a zero balance. Unamortized premium on general obligation bonds amount will consistently be amortized for the next six years. Under the long-term debt net pension liability, the Township recorded a pension liability decrease of \$331,254 for the year in order to comply with GASB 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and GASB 71 Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date and amendment of GASB 68 has recorded the Net pension liability in the Long-Term Debt. Details of the Pension Plan are in note 8 on pages 23 – 27. This year the Township recorded an OPEB liability decrease of \$22,017 for the year in order to comply with GASB 75 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment benefits other than Pensions. Last year was the first year for OPEB reporting and a prior period adjustment \$195,710 for the Change in Accounting Principal in 2019. Details of the OPEB reporting are in note 9 on pages 28 – 31.

Detailed information regarding the Township's debt can be found in note 6 on pages 19 - 22.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The Township receives the majority of its revenue from property taxes. Current economic factors have slowed due to the pandemic and will probably inhibit the growth of the property tax base of the Township; new construction does affect increases in property tax receipts. The CPI also has an effect on increasing property tax revenues but it does not decrease taxes. The Township anticipates these effects on the property taxes for fiscal year 2020-2021 and the Township considers this in their forecast and budget process and is closely monitoring the current economic trend.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Township's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Campton Township Supervisor, 4N498 Town Hall Road, St. Charles, IL 60175.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

March 31, 2020

	Governmental Activities					
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$ 6,939,033					
Receivables (net, where applicable	+ 0,500,000					
of allowances for uncollectibles)						
Taxes	7,283,878					
Accrued interest	15,748					
Other governments	67,163					
Other	4,238					
Prepaid items	27,678					
Capital assets, not being depreciated	50,543,084					
Capital assets, being depreciated (net of	30,313,001					
accumulated depreciation)	7,593,275					
accumulated depreciation)						
Total assets	72,474,097					
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension items - IMRF	110,223					
OPEB items	5,843					
Unamortized loss on refunding	237,703					
Total deferred outflows of resources	353,769					
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	72,827,866					
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	117,351					
Accrued payroll	54,853					
Accrued interest	340,533					
Noncurrent liabilities						
Due within one year	4,011,387					
Due in more than one year	22,364,728					
Total liabilities	26,888,852					
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension items - IMRF	184,228					
Pension items - OPEB	854					
Deferred revenue - property taxes	7,283,878					
Beleffed revenue - property taxes	1,263,676					
Total deferred inflows of resources	7,468,960					
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	34,357,812					
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	32,999,349					
Restricted for	32,777,347					
Roads and bridges	1,389,482					
Open space	3,987,412					
Unrestricted	93,811					
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 38,470,054					

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended March 31, 2020

				I		am Revenue		Capital	R N S	et (Expense) evenue and Change in fet Position Primary overnment
				Charges		rants and		rants and		
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS]	Expenses	for	r Services	Cor	ntributions	Co	ntributions		Activities
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT										
Governmental Activities	ф	204.002	Φ.	200	ф		ф		ф	(205.002)
General government	\$	386,082	\$	280	\$	402 205	\$	-	\$	(385,802)
Highways and streets Parks and recreation		2,114,297 442,992		20,720 12,438		402,205		-		(1,691,372) (411,679)
Open space		727,303		182,162		18,875 22,193		395,000		(127,948)
Interest		1,028,913		102,102		56,233		373,000		(972,680)
interest		1,020,713				30,233				(772,000)
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$	4,699,587	\$	215,600	\$	499,506	\$	395,000		(3,589,481)
				eral Revenue	es					
			Tax							7.020.012
				roperty taxe						7,038,013
				teplacement vestment inc						7,827 222,406
				in on sale of		tal accet				180,220
				iscellaneous	Сарі	tai asset				48,364
										,
	Total									7,496,830
	CHANGE IN NET POSITION								3,907,349	
			NET	POSITION	, API	RIL 1				34,562,705
			NET	POSITIO	N, M	ARCH 31			\$	38,470,054

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

March 31, 2020

	 General (Town)]	Road and Bridge	Open Space	N	Nonmajor	Total
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$ 425,274	\$	1,530,422	\$ 4,847,449	\$	135,888	\$ 6,939,033
Receivables	726 191		1 054 440	4 702 257			7 202 070
Taxes Accrued interest	726,181		1,854,440	4,703,257 15,748		-	7,283,878 15,748
Other governments	_		67,163	-		-	67,163
Other	232		-	4,006		-	4,238
Prepaid items	 7,285		14,254	6,139		-	27,678
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,158,972	\$	3,466,279	\$ 9,576,599	\$	135,888	\$ 14,337,738
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$ 6,438	\$	80,432	\$ 21,124	\$	9,357	\$ 117,351
Accrued payroll	 17,675		27,235	9,943		-	54,853
Total liabilities	 24,113		107,667	31,067		9,357	172,204
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	 726,181		1,854,440	4,703,257		-	7,283,878
Total deferred inflows of resources	 726,181		1,854,440	4,703,257		-	7,283,878
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable for prepaid items	7,285		14,254	6,139		-	27,678
Restricted for roads and bridges	-		1,389,482	-		-	1,389,482
Restricted for open spaces	-		-	4,632,017		-	4,632,017
Unrestricted Assigned for roads and bridges			100,436	_			100,436
Assigned for capital projects	_		100,430	_		126.531	126,531
Assigned for open space	_		_	204,119		-	204,119
Assigned for general assistance	22,768		-	-		-	22,768
Unassigned	 378,625		-	-		-	378,625
Total fund balances	 408,678		1,504,172	4,842,275		126,531	6,881,656
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS							
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 1,158,972	\$	3,466,279	\$ 9,576,599	\$	135,888	\$ 14,337,738

RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

March 31, 2020

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 6,881,656
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds	58,136,359
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds	
Bonds Promissory note Total other postemployment benefit liability	(23,783,864) (100,000) (155,310)
Unamortized premium Compensated absences payable	(2,135,454) (71,408)
Unamortized loss on refunding is reported as a deferred outflow on the statement of net position	237,703
Net pension liability for the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund is shown as a liability on the statement of net position	(130,079)
Differences between expected and actual experiences, assumption changes, net differences between projected and actual earnings, and contributions subsequent to the measurement date for the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund are recognized as deferred outflows and inflows of resources on the statement of net position	(74,005)
Differences between expected and actual experiences, assumption changes, net differences between projected and actual earnings for other postemployment benefits are recognized as deferred outflows of resources on the statement of net position	4,989
Accrued interest on long-term liabilities is shown as a liability on the statement of net position	 (340,533)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 38,470,054

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended March 31, 2020

	(General	I	Road and	Open			
		(Town)		Bridge	Space	N	onmajor	Total
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	706,475	\$	1,805,680	\$ 4,533,685	\$	_	\$ 7,045,840
Charges for services	·	13,118		20,320	182,162	·	_	215,600
Intergovernmental		´-		402,205	56,233		18,875	477,313
Investment income		11,977		31,869	176,873		1,687	222,406
Miscellaneous		264		43,047	27,247		-	70,558
Total revenues		731,834		2,303,121	4,976,200		20,562	8,031,717
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
General government		589,203		-	-		-	589,203
Highways and streets		-		1,285,349	-		-	1,285,349
Parks and recreation		74,047		-	-		-	74,047
Open space		-		-	510,769		-	510,769
Capital outlay		-		887,278	310,034		370,147	1,567,459
Debt service								
Principal		-		21,242	3,183,261		-	3,204,503
Interest and fiscal charges		-		839	1,326,002		-	1,326,841
Total expenditures		663,250		2,194,708	5,330,066		370,147	8,558,171
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES		68,584		108,413	(353,866)		(349,585)	(526,454)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		-		-	-		50,000	50,000
Transfers (out)		(50,000)		-	-		-	(50,000)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		600	2,000		177,620	180,220
Promissory note issued		-		-	-		100,000	100,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		(50,000)		600	2,000		327,620	280,220
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		18,584		109,013	(351,866)		(21,965)	(246,234)
FUND BALANCES, APRIL 1		390,094		1,395,159	5,194,141		148,496	7,127,890
FUND BALANCES, MARCH 31	\$	408,678	\$	1,504,172	\$ 4,842,275	\$	126,531	\$ 6,881,656

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended March 31, 2020

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ (246,234)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, they are capitalized in the statement of activities	764,795
Contributions of capital assets are reported only in the statement of activities	395,000
Depreciation expense does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds	(451,037)
Repayment of long-term obligations is shown as an expenditure in governmental funds, but as a reduction of liability on the statement of net position Bonds Capital leases	3,183,260 21,242
The issuance of long-term debt is shown as an other financing source in governmental funds but the principal outstanding is shown as long-term liability on the statement of net position Note issued	(100,000)
The amortization of premiums on bonds and deferred losses on refunding is shown as a reduction of interest expense on the statement of activities	396,869
The change in the net pension liability for the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund is reported only in the statement of activities	331,254
The change in deferred inflows and outflows of resources for the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund is reported only in the statement of activities	(305,903)
The decrease in accrued interest on long-term debt is reported as a reduction of interest expense on the statement of activities	(98,941)
The change in other post employment benefit payable is reported as an expense on the statement on activities	22,017
The change in deferred inflows and outflows of resources for other post employment benefit payable is reported only on the statement of activities	(991)
The change in the compensated absences liability is shown as an expense on the statement of activities	 (3,982)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 3,907,349

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Campton Township, St. Charles, Illinois (the Township) was incorporated in 1850. The Township operates under a Board of Trustees form of government and provides the following services: general assistance, road and bridge, assessment of properties, and general administrative services.

The financial statements of the Township have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applied to governmental units (hereinafter referred to as generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Township's accounting policies are described below.

a. Reporting Entity

The Township is a municipal corporation governed by an elected board. As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the Township (the primary government). Based on the criteria of GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34*, the Township does not have any component units. The Open Space Foundation, while potential component units, are not significant to the Township, and, therefore, have been excluded from its reporting entity.

b. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Township are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenues, and expenditures or expenses as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based on the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. Funds are classified into the following category: governmental.

Governmental funds are used to account for the Township's general activities. The General (Town) Fund is the primary operating fund; accounting for all financial resources not accounted for in another fund. Special revenue funds account for revenue sources that are legally restricted or committed for specific purposes (except for capital projects funds). Capital projects funds account for funds that are restricted, committed, or assigned to the acquisition of capital assets or construction of major capital projects not financed by another fund.

c. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the Township. The effect of material interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, segment, or program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The Township reports the following major governmental funds:

The General (Town) Fund accounts for the resources traditionally associated with the Township's operations that are not accounted for in another fund.

The Road and Bridge Fund (special revenue) accounts for the revenues and expenditures restricted to financing the maintenance and construction of the Township's roads and bridges.

The Open Space Fund (capital projects) accounts for monies received from the sale of general obligation bonds, the proceeds of which are to be used for the purchase and management of open space within the Township.

d. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied (i.e., intended to finance). Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

d. Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual (i.e., both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The Township considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, interest revenue, and charges for services. Donations are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

The Township reports unearned/unavailable/deferred revenue on its financial statements. Unavailable/deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available or earned criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when resources are received by the Township before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met or when the Township has a legal claim to the resources, the liability or deferred inflow for unearned/unavailable/deferred revenue is removed from the financial statements and revenue is recognized.

e. Cash and Investments

Cash consists of demand deposits. Investments with a maturity of less than one year when purchased, non-negotiable certificates of deposit, and other nonparticipating investments are stated at cost or amortized cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year when purchased are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

f. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and certain intangible assets are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Township as assets with an estimated useful life in excess of one year and an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000, \$10,000, or \$50,000 for equipment, buildings, and infrastructure, respectively. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Property, plant, and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Land improvements	20
Buildings and improvements	20-50
Equipment and vehicles	5-10
Infrastructure	50

g. Prepaid Items/Expenses

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the date of this report are recorded as prepaid items/expenses.

h. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave are reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it once retirement or separation has occurred. Vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave of governmental activities are recorded as an expense and liability as the benefits accrue to employees.

i. Interfund Transactions

Interfund services are accounted for as revenues or expenditures/expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except interfund services and reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

j. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as gains (losses) on refundings, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. The unamortized loss on refunding is reported as a deferred outflow of resources.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

k. Fund Balances/Net Position

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report nonspendable fund balance for amounts that are either not spendable in form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restrictions of fund balance are reported for amounts constrained by legal restrictions from outside parties for use for a specific purpose, or externally imposed by outside entities or internally restricted via enabling legislation. Committed fund balance is constrained by formal actions of the Township's Board of Trustees, which is considered the Township's highest level of decision-making authority. Formal actions include ordinances approved by the Board of Trustees. Assigned fund balance represents amounts constrained by the Township's intent to use them for a specific purpose. The authority to assign fund balance has been delegated to the Township Accountant by the Township Board of Trustees. Any residual fund balance in the General (Town) Fund or deficit fund balance in any governmental fund is reported as unassigned.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

k. Fund Balances/Net Position (Continued)

The Township's flow of funds assumption prescribes that the funds with the highest level of constraint are expended first. If restricted or unrestricted funds are available for spending, the restricted funds are spent first. Additionally, if different levels of unrestricted funds are available for spending the Township considers committed funds to be expended first followed by assigned and then unassigned funds.

The Township does not have a policy to maintain unassigned fund balance in the General Town Fund at a minimum level.

In the government-wide financial statements, restricted net position is legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose. None of the Township's net position have been restricted by enabling legislation adopted by the Township. Net investment in capital assets, represents the book value of capital assets less any long-term debt principal outstanding issued to construct or acquire capital assets.

1. Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statement and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

m. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Township categorizes the fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The Township maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is displayed on the financial statements as "cash and investments."

The Township's investment policy authorizes the Township to invest in all investments allowed by Illinois Compiled Statutes. These include deposits/investments in insured commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, insured credit union shares, money market mutual funds with portfolios of securities issued or guaranteed by the United States Government or agreements to repurchase these same obligations, repurchase agreements, short-term commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services and The Illinois Funds. In addition, bond funds may be invested in state and local government bonds. The Township's investment policy does limit its deposits to financial institutions that are members of the FDIC system and are capable of posting collateral for amounts in excess of FDIC insurance.

The Illinois Public Treasurers' Investment Pool, known as The Illinois Funds, operates as a qualified external investment pool in accordance with the criteria established in GASB Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*, and thus, reports all investments at amortized cost rather than fair value. The investment in The Illinois Funds by participants is also reported at amortized cost. The Illinois Funds does not have any limitations or restrictions on participant withdrawals. The Illinois Treasurer's Office issues a separate financial report for The Illinois Funds which may be obtained by contacting the Administrative Office at Illinois Business Center, 400 West Monroe Street, Suite 401, Springfield, Illinois 62704.

It is the policy of the Township to invest its funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return with the maximum security while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the Township and conforming to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds, using the "prudent person" standard for managing the overall portfolio. The primary objectives of the policy are, in order of priority, legality, safety of principal, liquidity, and rate of return.

Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk for deposits with financial institutions is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Township's deposits may not be returned to it. The Township's investment policy requires pledging of collateral for all bank balances in excess of federal depository insurance, at an amount not less than 110% of the fair market value of the funds secured, with the collateral held by the Township, an independent third party, or the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago. In addition, one of the Township's banks pledges collateral or a letter of credit to a single institution collateral pool whereby collateral is pooled in one account at a separate bank acting for all public entity deposits in that bank.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments

The following table presents the investments and maturities of the Township's debt securities as of March 31, 2020:

		Investment Maturities (in Years)							
	Fair		Less than				Gr	eater than	
Investment Type	 Value		1		1-5	6-10		10	
U.S. Treasury note	\$ 351,395	\$	-	\$	351,395 \$	-	\$	-	
Federal Farm									
Credit Bank	200,137		-		-	200,137		-	
Municipal bonds	349,370		-		349,370	-		-	
Negotiable CD's	 1,495,091		572,712		922,379	-			
TOTAL	\$ 2,395,993	\$	572,712	\$	1,623,144 \$	200,137	\$		

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with its investment policy, the Township limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity for short and long-term cash flow needs while providing a reasonable rate of return based on the current market.

The Township has the following recurring fair value measurements as of March 31, 2020: the U.S. Treasury notes, Federal Farm Credit Bank notes, municipal bonds, and negotiable CD's, are valued using quoted matrix pricing models (Level 2 inputs).

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer of a debt security will not pay its par value upon maturity. The Township limits its exposure to credit risk by requiring investments primarily in negotiable CD's, agency securities, money market mutual funds, and municipal bonds in the highest four credit ratings by a national rating agency. The U.S Treasury notes are rated AA+, the Federal Farm Credit Bank obligation is rated AA+, the municipal bonds range in rating from AA- to AAA, and the negotiable certificates of deposit are not rated by a credit rating agency.

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to the investment, the Township will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in possession of an outside party. To limit its exposure, the Township's investment policy requires all security transactions that are exposed to custodial credit risk to be processed on a delivery versus payment (DVP) basis with the underlying investments held by an independent third party custodian and evidenced by safekeeping receipts and a written custodial agreement.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Concentration of credit risk is the risk that the Township has a high percentage of its investments invested in one type of investment. The Township's investment policy requires diversification of investments to avoid unreasonable risk. No financial institution shall hold more than 20% of the Township's investment portfolio, exclusive of any securities held in safekeeping; The Illinois Funds shall not exceed 40% of the investment portfolio.

3. RECEIVABLES - TAXES

Property taxes for 2019 attach as an enforceable lien on January 1, 2019, on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December of the subsequent fiscal year (by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance). Tax bills are prepared by the County and issued on or about May 1, 2020 and are payable in two installments, on or about June 1, 2020 and September 1, 2020. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically. The allowance for uncollectible taxes has been stated at 0.50% of the tax levy to reflect actual collection experience. Property tax receivable balances in the financial statements appear net of this allowance.

The Township has elected, under governmental accounting standards, to match its property tax revenues to the fiscal year that the tax levy is intended to finance. Therefore, the entire 2019 tax levy has been recorded as deferred/unavailable/unearned revenue on the financial statements.

The 2020 tax levy, which attached as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1, 2020, has not been recorded as a receivable as of March 31, 2020 as the tax has not yet been levied by the Township and will not be levied until December 2020 and, therefore, the levy is not measurable at March 31, 2020.

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended March 31, 2020 was as follows:

	Balances				Balances
	 April 1	Increases	Decreases		 March 31
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Capital assets not being depreciated					
Land Right of way and easements	\$ 46,773,754 3,588,330	\$ 181,000	\$	-	\$ 46,954,754 3,588,330
Total capital assets not being depreciated	50,362,084	181,000		-	50,543,084

4. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

		Balances April 1		Increases		Decreases		Balances March 31
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES								
(Continued) Capital assets being depreciated								
Land improvements	\$	2,424,018	\$	_	\$	_	\$	2,424,018
Buildings and improvements	Ψ	2,953,509	Ψ	648,481	Ψ	_	Ψ	3,601,990
Equipment and vehicles		2,186,700		330,314		41,328		2,475,686
Infrastructure		6,482,368		550,514		-1 1,526		6,482,368
initustracture		0,402,300						0,402,300
Total capital assets being depreciated		14,046,595		978,795		41,328		14,984,062
Less accumulated depreciation for								
Land improvements		1,576,359		115,609		_		1,691,968
Buildings and improvements		736,555		72,031		_		808,586
Equipment and vehicles		1,568,808		141,426		41,328		1,668,906
Infrastructure		3,099,356		121,971		· -		3,221,327
				,				
Total accumulated depreciation		6,981,078		451,037		41,328		7,390,787
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		7,065,517		527,758		_		7,593,275
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		7,005,517		321,130				1,575,215
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES								
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$	57,427,601	\$	708,758	\$	-	\$	58,136,359

Land and building and improvements assets of \$199,820 were transferred from the Township Fund to the Open Space Fund during the year ended March 31, 2020.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

General government	\$ 16,298
Highways and streets	254,549
Open space	180,190
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 451,037

5. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employees' health; and natural disasters.

The Township is a member of Town Organization Intergovernmental Risk Management Agency (TOIRMA). TOIRMA is a public entity risk pool operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member townships in Illinois. The Township pays an annual premium to TOIRMA for its general insurance coverage including property and casualty, workers' compensation, and other risks of loss. The agreement for the formation of TOIRMA provides that TOIRMA will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of \$1,000 for general liability and \$1,000 for workers' compensation for each insured event. In the event that member premiums in any claim year are not sufficient to cover claims incurred during that period, then each participant in the pool would be assessed an additional premium to cover such losses. The Township is not aware of any additional premiums due to TOIRMA for prior claim years at March 31, 2020. In addition, the Township purchases third party indemnity insurance for employee health insurance coverage.

6. LONG-TERM DEBT

a. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

	Balance	es	Reductions/	Balances	Due Within
	April 1	Additions	Refundings	March 31	One Year
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
General Obligation Bonds					
\$2,360,000 Taxable General Obligation Build America Bonds, Series 2010B, dated February 9, 2010, principal payments are due annually on December 15 (beginning in 2028), at amounts ranging from \$1,000,000 to \$1,360,000. Interest payable semiannually on June 15 and					
December 15, at rates ranging from 5.90% to 6.00%.	\$ 2,360,	.000 \$	- \$ -	\$ 2,360,000	\$ -

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

6. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

a. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

_	Balances April 1	Additions	Reductions	Balances March 31	Due Within One Year
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (Continued)					
General Obligation Bonds (Continued)					
\$4,420,000 General Obligation Refunding Bond Series 2011, dated January 11, 2011, principal payments are due annually on December 15 (beginning in 2022), at amounts ranging from \$1,415,000 to \$1,530,000. Interest payable semiannually on June 15 and December 15, at rates ranging from 3.850% to 4.125%.	\$ 4,420,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,420,000	\$ -
\$118,886 Taxable General Obligation Build America Bonds, Series 2010, allocated through Kane County, dated December 29, 2010, principal payments are due annually on December 15 (beginning in 2011), at amounts ranging from \$10,782 to \$13,864. Interest payable semiannually on June 15 and December 15, at rates ranging from 1.15% to 4.80%.	27,124	-	13,260	13,864	13,864
\$15,890,000 General Obligation Refunding Bond Series 2015, dated November 17, 2015, principal payments are due annually on December 15 (beginning in 2016), at amounts ranging from \$1,560,000 to \$2,240,000. Interest payable semiannually on June 15 and December 15, at rates ranging from 2% to 5%.	10,190,000	_	1,845,000	8,345,000	1,935,000

6. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

a. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

	Balances April 1	Additions	Reductions	Balances March 31	Due Within One Year
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (Continued)					
General Obligation Bonds (Continued)					
\$11,080,000 General Obligation Refunding Bond Series 2017, dated November 14, 2017, principal payments are due annually on December 15 (beginning in 2018), at amounts ranging from \$500,000 to \$2,220,000. Interest payable semiannually on June 15 and December 15, at 5%.	\$ 9,970,000	\$	- \$ 1,325,00	0 \$ 8,645,000	\$ 1,555,000
December 13, at 370.	\$ 9,970,000	\$	· \$ 1,323,00	0 \$ 8,643,000	\$ 1,333,000
Total general obligation bonds	26,967,124		3,183,26	0 23,783,864	3,503,864
Capital Leases					
Storage building	21,242		21,24	2 -	
Total capital leases	21,242		21,24	2 -	
Promissory note (direct placement), dated August 15, 2019, principal payments are due annually on August 15 (beginning in 2021), at equal amounts of \$20,000 interest at 0%.		100,000)	- 100,000	20,000
Unamortized premium on general obligation bonds	2,576,902		- 441,44	8 2,135,454	441,448
Net pension liability*	461,333		331,25	4 130,079	
Total OPEB Liability*	177,327		22,01	7 155,310	31,793
Compensated absences*	67,426	17,467	13,48	5 71,408	14,282
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 30,271,354	\$ 117,467	\$ 4,012,70	6 \$ 26,376,115	\$ 4,011,387

^{*}These liabilities have historically been retired by the Township's General Town Fund.

6. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

b. Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The annual requirements to amortize to maturity serial debt outstanding as of March 31, 2020 are as follows:

Year Ending		General Obli	gatio	on Bonds		Promissor (Direct Pla	•	
March 31,	-	Principal	<i></i>	Interest	1	Principal	Interest	_
		Timespus		Interest		imorpui	merest	
2021	\$	3,503,864	\$	1,167,116	\$	20,000	\$	_
2022		3,825,000		992,190		20,000		_
2023		4,050,000		800,940		20,000		_
2024		4,180,000		614,712		20,000		_
2025		3,645,000		420,463		20,000		_
2026		2,220,000		251,600		´ -		_
2027		-		140,600		_		_
2028		_		140,600		_		_
2029		1,000,000		140,600		_		_
2030		1,360,000		81,600		_		_
2031		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		-		
TOTAL	\$	23,783,864	\$	4,750,421	\$	100,000	\$	

The balance of obligations of governmental activities under capital leases were repaid for the year ended March 31, 2020. The total cost and book value of capital assets purchased under these leases is \$133,643 and \$112,401, respectively.

7. INTERFUND ACTIVITY

Transfers In/Transfers Out

Individual fund transfers are as follows:

	Tı	ransfers In	Transfers Out		
General (Town) Fund Nonmajor governmental	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	
TOTAL	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	

The purpose of significant transfers during the year is as follows:

• \$50,000 transferred from the General (Town) Fund to nonmajor governmental funds to provide funding to the Capital Improvement Fund for capital related costs.

8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

The Township contributes to a defined benefit pension plan, the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions, and employer contributions for all plans are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes and can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly. IMRF issues a publicly available report that includes financial statements and supplementary information for the plan as a whole, but not for individual employers. That report can be obtained from IMRF, 2211 York Road, Suite 500, Oak Brook, Illinois 60523 or www.imrf.org.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Plan Administration

All employees hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members.

The plan is accounted for on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized when earned in the year that the contributions are required, benefits and refunds are recognized as an expense and liability when due and payable.

Plan Membership

At December 31, 2019, IMRF membership consisted of:

Inactive employees or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits Active employees	14 13 25
TOTAL	52

Benefits Provided

All employees hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members. IMRF provides two tiers of pension benefits. Employees hired prior to January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. For Tier 1 employees, pension benefits vest after eight years of service. Participating members who retire at age 55 (reduced benefits) or after age 60 (full benefits) with eight years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2% for each year thereafter.

<u>Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund</u> (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating members who retire at age 62 (reduced benefits) or after age 67 (full benefits) with ten years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2% for each year thereafter. IMRF also provides death and disability benefits. These benefit provisions are established by state statute.

Contributions

Participating members are required to contribute 4.50% of their annual salary to IMRF. The Township is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund IMRF as specified by statute. The employer contribution rate for the calendar year ended 2019 was 8.34% of covered payroll.

Actuarial Assumptions

The Township's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2019 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of the same date using the following actuarial methods and assumptions.

Actuarial valuation date	December 31, 2019
Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal
Assumptions Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	3.35% to 14.25%
Interest rate	7.25%
Cost of living adjustments	3.00%
Asset valuation method	Market value

<u>Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund</u> (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP 2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the Township's contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the IMRF's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund</u> (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	(a)	(a) - (b)		
	Total	Plan	Net	
	Pension	Fiduciary	Pension	
	Liability	Net Position	Liability	
BALANCES AT				
JANUARY 1, 2019	\$ 4,091,347	\$ 3,630,014	\$ 461,333	
Changes for the period				
Service cost	127,151		127,151	
Interest	298,013	-	298,013	
	290,013	-	290,013	
Difference between expected	20.265		20.265	
and actual experience	28,265	-	28,265	
Changes in assumptions	-	-	-	
Employer contributions	-	101,556	(101,556)	
Employee contributions	-	56,629	(56,629)	
Net investment income	-	620,792	(620,792)	
Benefit payments and refunds	(88,801)	(88,801)	-	
Administrative expense	-	-	-	
Other (net transfer)		5,706	(5,706)	
NT 4 1	264.620	COE 002	(221.254)	
Net changes	364,628	695,882	(331,254)	
BALANCES AT				
DECEMBER 31, 2019	\$ 4,455,975	\$ 4,325,896	\$ 130,079	

<u>Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund</u> (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended March 31, 2020, the Township recognized pension expense of \$76,766.

At March 31, 2020, the Township reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to IMRF from the following sources:

	Deferre Outflows Resourc		Iı	Deferred nflows of desources
Difference between expected and actual experience Assumption changes Contributions made after measurement date Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	22,063 60,838 27,322	\$	28,602 26,038 - 129,588
TOTAL	\$	110,223	\$	184,228

\$27,322 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from township contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ending March 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending March 31,	
2021 2022 2023 2024	\$ (39,947) (20,399) 26,540 (67,521)
TOTAL	\$ (101,327)

<u>Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund</u> (Continued)

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitive analysis of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the pension liability of the Township calculated using the discount rate of 7.25% as well as what the Township's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% Decrease (6.25%)		Discount Rate (7.25%)		1% Increase (8.25%)	
Net pension (asset) liability	\$	674,217	\$	130,079	\$	(319,498)

9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description

In addition to providing the pension benefits described, the Township provides other postemployment health care benefits (OPEB) for retired employees through a single-employer defined benefit plan. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the Township and can be amended by the Township through its personnel manual, except for the implicit subsidy which is governed by the State Legislature and ILCS. The plan does not issue a separate report.

Benefits Provided

The Township provides postemployment health care and life insurance benefits to its retirees. To be eligible for implicit benefits, an employee must qualify for retirement under the Township's retirement plan. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the Township and can be amended by the Township through its personnel manual. The retirees pay 100% of the blended premium. Certain benefits are controlled by state laws and can only be changed by the Illinois Legislature. The plan does not issue a separate report. The activity of the plan is reported in the Township's governmental activities. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

a. Membership

At March 31, 2019 (most recent information available), membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	1
Terminated employees entitled	-
to benefits but not yet receiving them	
Active employees	25
TOTAL	26
Participating employers	1

b. Total OPEB Liability

The Township's total OPEB liability of \$10,767 was measured as of March 31, 2020 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2018.

c. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability at March 31, 2020, as determined by an actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2018 actuarial valuation, was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified. The total OPEB liability was rolled forward by the actuary using updating procedures to March 31, 2020, including updating the discount rate at March 31, 2020, as noted below.

Actuarial cost method	Entry-age
Actuarial value of assets	Not applicable
Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases	4.00%
Discount rate	2.94%
Healthcare cost trend rates	7.10% to 6.60%, 4.50% ultimate

c. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs (Continued)

The discount rate was based on the index rate for tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds rated AA or better at March 31, 2020. The discount rate at March 31, 2020 was 2.94%.

OPEB Mortality follows the RP-2014 Combined Annuitant Mortality Table for males and females. The Mortality Table reflects recent rates developed by the Society of Actuaries.

The actuarial assumptions used in the March 31, 2020 valuation are based on 20% participation assumed, with 25% electing spouse coverage.

d. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability	
BALANCES AT APRIL 1, 2019	_\$	177,327
Changes for the period		
Service cost		4,407
Interest		5,311
Difference between expected		
and actual experience		_
Changes in benefit terms		_
Changes in assumptions		1,064
Benefit payments		(31,793)
Other changes		(1,006)
Net changes		(22,017)
BALANCES AT MARCH 31, 2020	\$	155,310

Changes in assumptions related to the discount rate were made in 2020.

e. Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and the healthcare cost trend rate. The table below presents the total OPEB liability of the Township calculated using the discount rate of 2.94% as well as what the Township total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.94%) or 1 percentage point higher (3.94%) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% Decrease (1.94%)		Discount Rate (2.94%)		1% Increase (3.94%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$	161,694	\$	155,310	\$	149,336

The table below presents the total OPEB liability of the Township calculated using the healthcare rate of 6.60% to 7.10% as well as what the Township's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.60% to 6.10%) or 1 percentage point higher (7.60% to 8.10%) than the current rate:

				Current		
	1%	Decrease	He	althcare Rate	1% Increase	
	(5.60% to 6.10%)		(6.6	60% to 7.10%)	(7.60% to 8.10%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$	148,186	\$	155,310	\$	163,193

f. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended March 31, 2020, the Township recognized OPEB expense of (\$21,026). At March 31, 2020, the Township reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred atflows of	Inf	eferred lows of
	Res	sources	Res	sources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions	\$	- 5,843	\$	- 854
TOTAL	\$	5,843	\$	854

f. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending March 31,		
2021	\$ 1,0	
2022 2023	1,0. 1,0.	50
2024 2025	1,0. 7	50 84
Thereafter		5
TOTAL	\$ 4,9	89



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL (TOWN) FUND

	Original Budget			Final Budget	Actual
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$	707,000	\$	706,400	\$ 706,475
Charges for services		12,000		12,650	13,118
Investment income		8,100		11,901	11,977
Miscellaneous		-		-	264
Total revenues		727,100		730,951	731,834
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government					
Administration		317,950		307,620	304,892
Assessor's office		312,400		288,800	281,171
General assistance		5,000		3,300	3,140
Total general government		635,350		599,720	589,203
Parks and recreation					
Park maintenance		72,400		75,550	74,047
Total expenditures		707,750		675,270	663,250
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES		19,350		55,681	68,584
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (out)		(19,350)		(19,350)	(50,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(19,350)		(19,350)	(50,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	_	\$	36,331	18,584
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 1					390,094
FUND BALANCE, MARCH 31					\$ 408,678

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 1,807,000	\$ 1,805,600	\$	1,805,680
Charges for services	1,300	900		20,320
Intergovernmental	285,000	375,000		402,205
Investment income	18,000	31,000		31,869
Miscellaneous	 700	42,900		43,047
Total revenues	2,112,000	2,255,400		2,303,121
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Highways and streets				
Administration	82,000	80,200		76,677
Maintenance of roads	 1,339,400	1,223,800		1,208,672
Total highways and streets	1,421,400	1,304,000		1,285,349
Capital outlay	668,515	890,915		887,278
Debt service - capital lease	 22,085	22,085		22,081
Total expenditures	2,112,000	2,217,000		2,194,708
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	 -	38,400		108,413
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from sale of capital assets	 -	-		600
Total other financing sources (uses)	 -	-		600
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 	\$ 38,400	=	109,013
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 1				1,395,159
FUND BALANCE, MARCH 31			\$	1,504,172

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

Last Two Fiscal Years

MEASUREMENT DATE MARCH 31,	2019	2020
TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY		
Service cost	\$ 7,503	\$ 4,407
Interest	6,184	5,311
Changes of benefit terms	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	-
Changes of assumptions	1,283	1,064
Benefit payments	(39,091)	(31,793)
Other changes	 5,738	(1,006)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(18,383)	(22,017)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	195,710	177,327
TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY - ENDING	\$ 177,327	\$ 155,310
Covered payroll	\$ 1,143,508	\$ 1,143,508
Employer's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	15.51%	13.58%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Changes in assumptions related to the discount rate were made in 2019.

Changes in assumptions related to the discount rate were made in 2020.

Ultimately, this schedule should present information for the last ten years. However, until ten years of information can be compiled, information will be presented for as many years as is available.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

Last Five Fiscal Years

FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31,	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 117,724	\$ 114,243	\$ 115,053	\$ 108,991	\$ 102,117
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	 117,724	114,243	115,053	108,991	102,117
CONTRIBUTION DEFICIENCY (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$
Covered payroll	\$ 1,121,059	\$ 1,117,328	\$ 1,180,476	\$ 1,203,870	\$ 1,224,491
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	10.50%	10.22%	9.75%	9.05%	8.34%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

The information presented was determined as part of the actuarial valuations as of January 1 of the prior fiscal year. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation presented is as follows: the actuarial cost method was entry-age normal; the amortization method was level percent of pay, closed and the amortization period was 24 years; the asset valuation method was five-year smoothed market; and the significant actuarial assumptions were an investment rate of return at 7.50% annually, projected salary increases assumption of 3.35% to 14.25% compounded annually, and postretirement benefit increases of 3.00% compounded annually.

Ultimately, this schedule should present information for the last ten years. However, until ten years of information can be compiled, information will be presented for as many years as is available.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

Last Five Fiscal Years

MEASUREMENT DATE DECEMBER 31,	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY					
Service cost	\$ 123,559	\$ 121,191	\$ 123,338	\$ 113,919	\$ 127,151
Interest Changes of benefit terms	230,461	242,684	263,199	278,879	298,013
Differences between expected and actual experience	(154,448)	(40,340)	(15,081)	(39,412)	28,265
Changes of assumptions	-	(4,150)	(90,581)	112,116	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	 (30,976)	(39,424)	(63,064)	(71,153)	(88,801)
Net change in total pension liability	168,596	279,961	217,811	394,349	364,628
Total pension liability - beginning	 3,030,630	3,199,226	3,479,187	3,696,998	4,091,347
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY - ENDING	\$ 3,199,226	\$ 3,479,187	\$ 3,696,998	\$ 4,091,347	\$ 4,455,975
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION					
Contributions - employer	\$ 117,724	\$ 114,994	\$ 113,215	\$ 113,249	\$ 101,556
Contributions - member	47,856	50,683	51,618	54,505	56,629
Net investment income	14,152	191,272	496,431	(146,929)	620,792
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(30,976)	(39,424)	(63,064)	(71,153)	(88,801)
Other (net transfer)	 (146,778)	(10,052)	(16,671)	26,244	5,706
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	1,978	307,473	581,529	(24,084)	695,882
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	 2,763,118	2,765,096	3,072,569	3,654,098	3,630,014
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 2,765,096	\$ 3,072,569	\$ 3,654,098	\$ 3,630,014	\$ 4,325,896
EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY	\$ 434,130	\$ 406,618	\$ 42,900	\$ 461,333	\$ 130,079
Plan fiduciary net position					
as a percentage of the total pension liability	86.43%	88.31%	98.84%	88.72%	97.08%
Covered payroll	\$ 1,063,452	\$ 1,126,292	\$ 1,147,070	\$ 1,211,211	\$ 1,251,387
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	40.82%	36.10%	3.74%	38.09%	10.39%

Measurement Date December 31, 2016 - There was a change in assumption related to the discount rate made since the prior measurement date. The discount rate used in the current actuarial valuation, dated December 31, 2016, is 7.50%. The discount rate used in the prior actuarial valuation, dated December 31, 2015, was 7.49%. Additionally, there were changes in assumptions related to mortality since the prior measurement date.

Measurement Date December 31, 2017 - Assumptions related to salary increases were changed from 3.75% to 14.50% to 3.39% to 14.25%. Assumptions related to price inflation were changed from 2.75% to 2.50%. Additionally, certain demographic assumptions were changed, which impacted mortality rates, and retirement rates.

Measurement Date December 31, 2018 - The discount rate used in the current actuarial valuation, dated December 31, 2018, is 7.25%. The discount rate used in the prior actuarial valuation, dated December 31, 2017, was 7.50%. Additionally, certain demographic assumptions were changed, which impacted mortality rates, and retirement rates.

Ultimately, this schedule should present information for the last ten years. However, until ten years of information can be compiled, information will be presented for as many years as is available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

March 31, 2020

BUDGET

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted (at the fund level) for the general, special revenue, and capital projects funds. The annual appropriated budget is legally enacted and provides for a legal level of control at the fund level. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

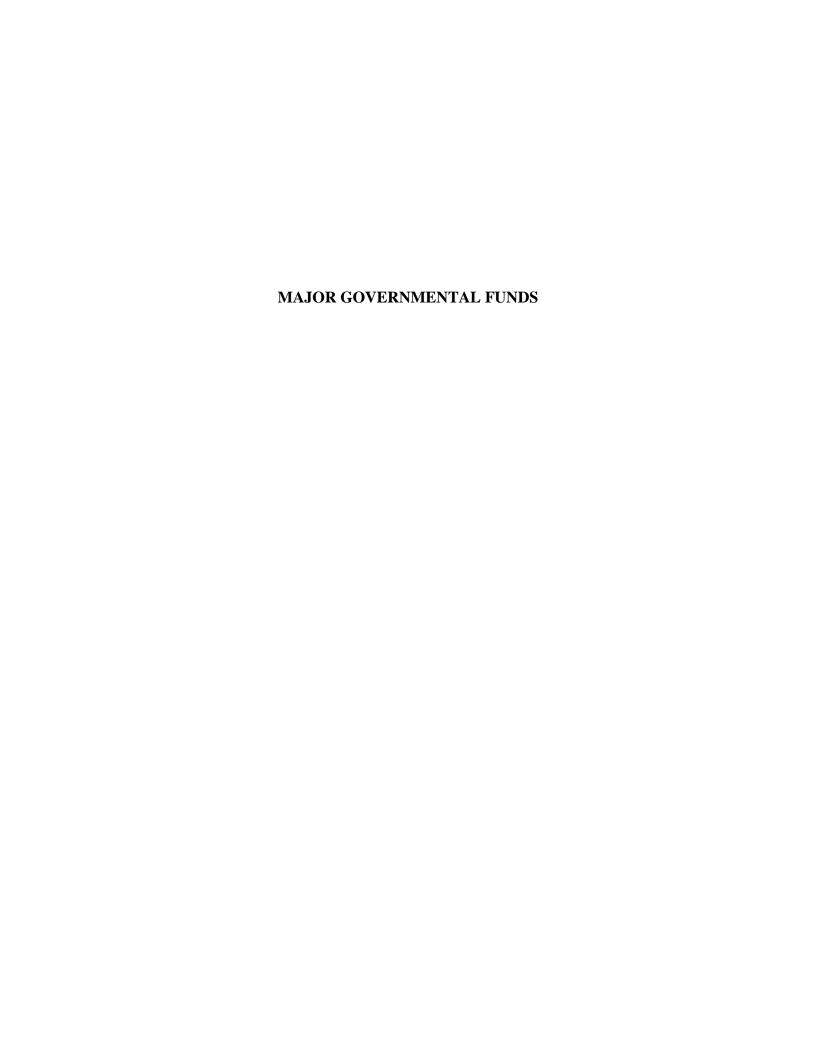
The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and includes information on the past year, current year estimates, and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year.

The proposed budget is presented to the governing body for review. The governing body holds public hearings and may add to, subtract from, or change appropriations, but may not change the form of the budget.

The budget may be amended by the governing body. During the year, one supplementary appropriation was approved.

The Capital Improvements Fund expenditures exceeded the budget by \$7,147.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL (TOWN) FUND

Total personal services 278,000 269,700 269,00 Contractual services 4,650 5,300 5,7 Legal 1,000 4,000 3, Maintenance and repairs 2,000 2,350 2,7	
Administration Personal services \$ 210,900 \$ 204,900 \$ 204, Salaries \$ 210,900 \$ 204,900 \$ 204, Insurance 35,100 34,550 34, Employee benefits 16,400 15,150 15,0 IMRF 15,600 15,100 15,0 Total personal services 278,000 269,700 269,0 Contractual services 4,650 5,300 5,2 Auditing services 4,650 5,300 3,0 Legal 1,000 4,000 3,0 Maintenance and repairs 2,000 2,350 2,3	
Administration Personal services \$ 210,900 \$ 204,900 \$ 204, Salaries \$ 210,900 \$ 204,900 \$ 204, Insurance 35,100 34,550 34, Employee benefits 16,400 15,150 15,0 IMRF 15,600 15,100 15,0 Total personal services 278,000 269,700 269,0 Contractual services 4,650 5,300 5,2 Auditing services 4,650 5,300 3,0 Legal 1,000 4,000 3,0 Maintenance and repairs 2,000 2,350 2,3	
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Insurance 35,100 34,550 34,650 Employee benefits 16,400 15,150 15,600 FICA 16,600 15,100 15,100 IMRF 15,600 15,100 15,00 Total personal services 278,000 269,700 269,700 Contractual services 4,650 5,300 5,300 Auditing services 4,650 5,300 5,300 Legal 1,000 4,000 3,400 Maintenance and repairs 2,000 2,350 2,350	
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FICA 16,400 15,150 15,0 IMRF 15,600 15,100 15,0 Total personal services 278,000 269,700 269,0 Contractual services 4,650 5,300 5,5 Legal 1,000 4,000 3,0 Maintenance and repairs 2,000 2,350 2,5	
FICA 16,400 15,150 15,0 IMRF 15,600 15,100 15,0 Total personal services 278,000 269,700 269,0 Contractual services 4,650 5,300 5,5 Legal 1,000 4,000 3,0 Maintenance and repairs 2,000 2,350 2,5	
IMRF 15,600 15,100 15,0 Total personal services 278,000 269,700 269,7 Contractual services 4,650 5,300 5,3 Legal 1,000 4,000 3,4 Maintenance and repairs 2,000 2,350 2,3)36
Contractual services 4,650 5,300 5,7 Legal 1,000 4,000 3,0 Maintenance and repairs 2,000 2,350 2,7)74_
Auditing services 4,650 5,300 5,7 Legal 1,000 4,000 3,000 Maintenance and repairs 2,000 2,350 2,7	008
Legal 1,000 4,000 3, Maintenance and repairs 2,000 2,350 2,	
Maintenance and repairs 2,000 2,350 2,350	252
	596
	362
1 Usiage 500 250 .	229
Publishing 200 200	72
Meetings 700 400 3	371
Dues 1,200 1,200 1,00 1,00 1,00 1,00 1,00 1,)77
Travel 830 430	269
Training 800 850	318
Publications	-
Printing 500 500	330
Utilities 3,700 3,570 3,	333
Water study 3,970 1,370 1,370	299
	985
Programs 2,000 4,100 3,	584
	565
Total contractual services 34,550 33,120 31,2	242_
Commodities	
Office supplies 2,400 1,800 1,7	776
Computer software support 1,000 1,000	396
Contingencies	-
Equipment 2,000 2,000 1,5	970
Total commodities	542
Total administration 317,950 307,620 304,	392

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) GENERAL (TOWN) FUND

	Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	
CURRENT (Continued)					
General government (Continued)					
Assessor's office					
Personal services					
Salaries	\$	202,000	\$ 187,000	\$ 182,307	
Insurance		36,500	28,000	27,585	
Employee benefits					
FICA		15,500	13,600	13,410	
IMRF		16,000	20,300	20,189	
Total personal services		270,000	248,900	243,491	
Contractual services					
Postage		200	200	156	
Telephone		4,800	3,500	3,153	
Dues		600	600	320	
Utilities		7,000	7,500	7,119	
Travel		3,800	300	160	
Maintenance and repairs		7,500	10,200	9,982	
Training		2,500	1,700	1,620	
Publications		600	700	675	
Other		500	-		
Total contractual services		27,500	24,700	23,185	
Commodities					
Office supplies		3,500	3,900	3,582	
Computer supplies		1,000	1,300	1,271	
Computer software support		6,000	6,200	6,144	
Uniforms		900	900	609	
Total commodities		11,400	12,300	11,606	
Capital expenditures					
Equipment		3,500	2,900	2,889	
Total capital expenditures		3,500	2,900	2,889	
Total assessor's office		312,400	288,800	281,171	
General assistance					
Other Administration		2,130	2,130	2.050	
Administration General assistance benefits		2,130	2,130 1,170	2,050 1,090	
Total general assistance		5,000	3,300	3,140	
Total general government		635,350	599,720	589,203	

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) GENERAL (TOWN) FUND

	()riginal	Final	
]	Budget	Budget	Actual
CURRENT (Continued)				
Parks and recreation				
Park maintenance				
Personal services				
Salaries	\$	39,500	\$ 45,000	\$ 44,266
Insurance		4,200	5,400	5,369
Employee benefits				
FICA		3,025	3,425	3,333
IMRF		2,675	2,675	2,630
Total personal services		49,400	56,500	55,598
Contractual services				
Telephone		400	400	319
Rentals		3,900	3,500	3,480
Printing		200	200	144
Utilities		1,600	1,750	1,665
Risk management		1,500	1,300	1,291
Maintenance and repairs		4,000	3,150	2,976
Total contractual services		11,600	10,300	9,875
Commodities				
Fuel		3,500	4,300	4,192
Maintenance supplies		4,400	4,250	4,206
Natural areas		3,500	200	176
Total commodities		11,400	8,750	8,574
Total parks and recreation		72,400	75,550	74,047
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	707,750	\$ 675,270	\$ 663,250

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND

	Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual
CURRENT				
Highways and streets				
Administration				
Contractual services				
Drug and alcohol test	\$	1,000	\$ 1,000	\$ 750
Legal		2,000	500	407
Audit		4,650	5,300	5,252
Postage		500	500	449
Publishing		150	150	68
Training, travel, and dues		2,200	2,700	2,347
EPA fee		1,000	1,000	1,000
Computer software support		1,000	1,000	896
Risk management		22,000	16,750	16,735
Printing		600	600	291
Total contractual services		35,100	29,500	28,195
Commodities				
Telephone		11,000	11,000	10,930
Office supplies		2,400	1,300	1,289
Utilities		23,000	25,000	24,016
Satellite services		900	900	680
Uniforms		4,500	4,600	4,512
Office equipment		2,000	2,000	1,532
Equipment maintenance		1,000	2,500	2,415
Meetings		900	900	688
Other commodities		1,200	2,500	2,420
Total commodities		46,900	50,700	48,482
Total administration		82,000	80,200	76,677
Maintenance of roads				
Personal services				
Salaries		646,200	628,200	625,644
Employee benefits		•	-	•
FICA		49,500	46,000	44,986
IMRF		51,300	48,300	47,556
Insurance		173,900	153,200	152,622
Total personal services		920,900	875,700	870,808

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND

	Or	iginal	Final			
	Bu	ıdget	Budge	t		Actual
CURRENT (Continued)						
Highways and streets (Continued)						
Maintenance of roads (Continued)						
Contractual services						
Equipment repair	\$	35,000	\$ 35.	000	\$	32,762
Rentals	Ψ	2,000		000	Ψ	1,095
Remais		2,000		000		1,075
Total contractual services		37,000	37,	000		33,857
Commodities						
Repair parts - equipment		45,000	43.	000		41,333
Road rock, gravel, and sand		12,000		000		5,968
Crack seal/duro patch materials		30,000		000		6,781
Black top		25,000		000		12,861
Signs and posts		10,000		000		11,701
Road maintenance supplies		12,500		000		6,837
Ice control chemicals		180,000	165.			163,813
Shop supplies		7,000		500		9,442
Gasoline		18,000		000		14,438
Diesel		35,000		000		22,969
Lube oil		3,000		600		4,565
Small tools		4,000		000		3,299
Sman tools		4,000		000		3,277
Total commodities		381,500	311,	100		304,007
Total maintenance of roads	1,	,339,400	1,223,	800		1,208,672
Total highways and streets	1,	,421,400	1,304,	000		1,285,349
CAPITAL OUTLAY						
Building maintenance		5,500	5	500		4,389
Building and improvements		16,000		000		19,674
Road paving		490,000	501.			501,203
Trees, tiles, and other services		75,000		200		53,948
Culverts		20,000		000		18,528
Engineering		7,000		900		9,805
Road and shop equipment		55,015	279,			279,731
Road and shop equipment		33,013	217,	,013		217,131
Total capital outlay		668,515	890,	915		887,278
DEBT SERVICE - CAPITAL LEASE						
Principal		22,085	22.	085		21,242
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-		839
Total debt service - capital lease		22,085	22,	085		22,081
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 2,	,112,000	\$ 2,217,	000	\$	2,194,708

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL OPEN SPACE FUND

	Original	Final			
	Budget		Budget		Actual
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 4,495,190	\$	4,533,190	\$	4,533,685
Charges for services	111,350		181,550		182,162
Intergovernmental	44,000		56,000		56,233
Investment income	133,000		141,000		176,873
Miscellaneous	 15,750		27,000		27,247
Total revenues	 4,799,290		4,938,740		4,976,200
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Open space					
Salaries	270,000		258,600		260,221
Insurance	53,800		54,900		54,403
Employee benefits					
FICA	20,720		19,820		19,265
IMRF	16,840		16,940		16,668
Auditing	4,600		5,200		5,196
Postage	500		500		324
Printing	1,000		1,000		378
Real estate tax	3,500		3,900		3,817
Contract for services	6,000		3,000		2,217
Administration cost	4,100		4,100		4,036
Legal	3,000		1,000		502
Rental	12,900		9,700		9,646
Events	6,000		6,000		5,885
Maintenance	36,600		39,600		40,976
Telephone	2,400		2,400		2,367
Utilities	8,200		8,200		7,407
Training	1,300		1,600		1,552
Risk management	12,800		11,000		10,992
Fuel	15,600		17,200		16,769
Small tools	3,000		1,500		1,493
Maintenance supplies	10,500		13,600		13,543
Natural areas supplies	21,000		21,000		20,153
Uniforms	5,000		4,000		3,816
Office and computer supplies	2,100		2,400		2,359
Computer software support	2,000		2,000		1,884
Contractual - natural areas	 10,000		4,900		4,900
Total open space	 533,460		514,060		510,769

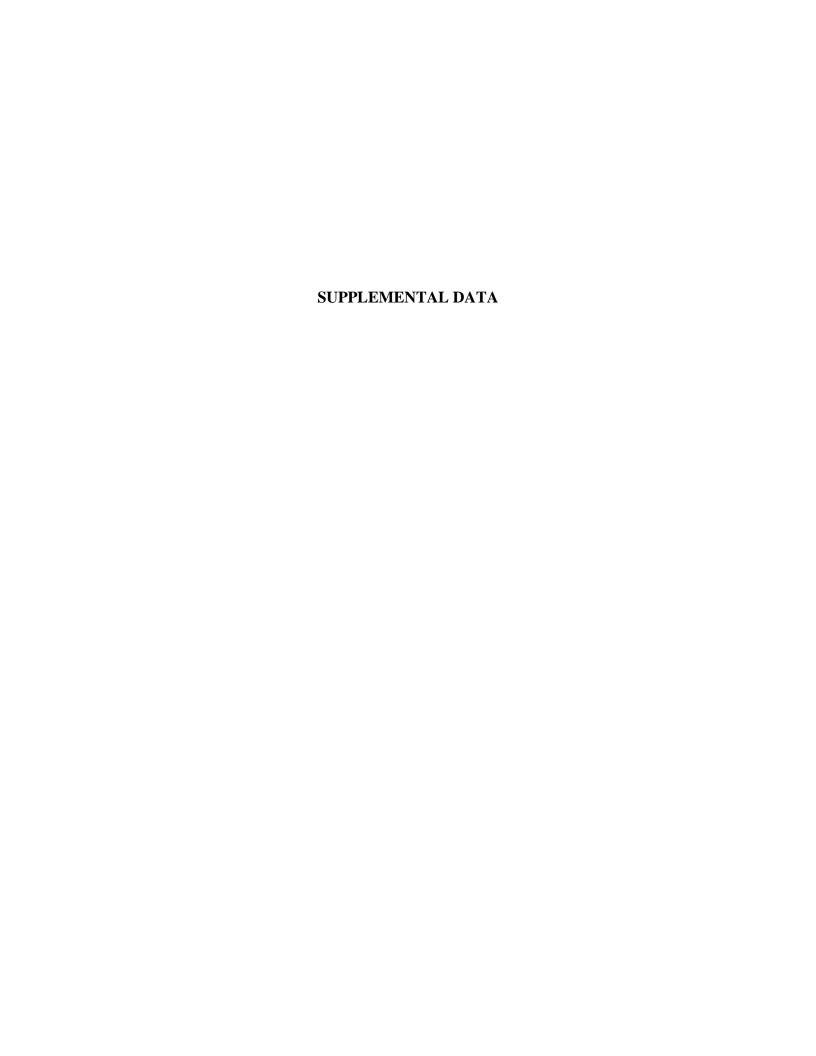
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) OPEN SPACE FUND

	_	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
EXPENDITURES (Continued)				
Capital outlay				
Equipment	\$	66,500	\$ 66,200	\$ 66,115
Eagle Scout project		3,500	200	115
Land acquisition		-	177,650	177,620
Building and improvements		40,000	66,200	66,184
Other capital improvements		10,000		-
Total capital outlay		120,000	310,250	310,034
Debt service				
Principal		3,183,261	3,183,261	3,183,261
Interest and fiscal charges		1,326,002	1,326,002	1,326,002
Total debt service		4,509,263	4,509,263	4,509,263
Total expenditures		5,162,723	5,333,573	5,330,066
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(363,433)	(394,833)	(353,866)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-	-	2,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	-	2,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(363,433)	\$ (394,833)	\$ (351,866)
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 1			-	5,194,141
FUND BALANCE, MARCH 31			=	\$ 4,842,275



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FUND

	 Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
REVENUES			
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 18,875	\$ 18,875
Investment income	 900	900	1,687
Total revenues	 900	19,775	20,562
EXPENDITURES			
Capital outlay	 85,500	363,000	370,147
Total expenditures	85,500	363,000	370,147
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES			
OVER EXPENDITURES	 (84,600)	(343,225)	(349,585)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	19,350	19,350	50,000
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	_	177,600	177,620
Promissory note issued	 -	100,000	100,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	19,350	296,950	327,620
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (65,250)	\$ (46,275)	(21,965)
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 1			148,496
FUND BALANCE, MARCH 31			\$ 126,531



SCHEDULE OF LAND CASH MONEY

March 31, 2020

On April 8, 1993, the General (Town) Fund received a check from the Office of the Kane County Treasurer in the amount of \$471,561. This satisfied the Township's request for disbursement of land/cash monies in that amount.

The following funds were received by the Township for developer land/cash money:

	Amount	
Date Received	Received	
October 20, 1994	\$ 26,834	
March 24, 1995	33,000	
February 20, 1996	4,000	
February 10, 1997	8,004	
November 4, 1997	2,894	
January 26, 1998	45,752	
September 23, 1998	98,040	
July 17, 2000	4,902	
August 7, 2001	11,438	
November 28, 2001	17,974	
June 24, 2002	17,974	
January 22, 2003	17,430	
April 23, 2003	20,335	
December 2, 2003	14,525	
March 15, 2005	72,625	
June 15, 2005	13,072	
December 29, 2005	2,905	
December 18, 2006	8,715	
March 22, 2007	2,905	

SCHEDULE OF LAND PURCHASES

March 31, 2020

In April 1993, 40 acres of land on Brown Road was purchased for \$480,000. This land is to be developed for recreational uses. A contract was entered into with The Lannert Group and Donahue & Thornhill to develop the site in three phases.

In June 1994, the Township submitted a grant application with the Illinois Department of Conservation Site. The formal presentation was made to the state in October 1994, and in January 1995, the state approved a matching grant for \$200,000. In order to maintain the grant, phase one of the project must be completed within 18 months. Phase one was completed during the fiscal year and \$190,000 of the matching grant was received on March 6, 1997 from the state. Costs for development of the Brown Road site since that time have been included in land under capital assets.

On April 6, 2001, the Township purchased vacant land adjacent to the Township Community Park, west of Brown Road, for \$150,000 from Old Second National Bank of Aurora, Illinois.

During the 2002-2003 fiscal year, the Township made the following land purchases pursuant to their plan to acquire open space which is funded by the issuance of general obligation bonds (see Note 6): on May 21, 2002, approximately 212 acres known as the Corron Road Farm - East for \$3,957,852; on July 12, 2002, property known as the Mongerson Conservation Easement for \$1,100,000; and on December 18, 2002, property known as Shodeen/Corland for \$2,317,829.

During the 2003-2004 fiscal year, the Township made the following land purchases: on July 2, 2003, approximately 148 acres known as the Headwaters South Acquisition for \$3,741,402 and on December 15, 2003, property known as the Poynor Farm for \$2,471,000.

During the 2004-2005 fiscal year, the Township made the following land purchase: on December 27, 2004, property known as Mongerson - South for \$1,944,421.

During the 2005-2006 fiscal year, the Township made the following land purchases: on October 12, 2005, property known as Bull Run-Vanderveen for \$3,002,300 and on November 28, 2005, property known as DeBier-Anderson conservation easement for \$1,362,407.

During the 2006-2007 fiscal year, the Township made the following land purchase: on April 26, 2006, property known as Brown Road, Chung Property for \$6,185,871.

During the 2007-2008 fiscal year, the Township made the following land purchases: on November 15, 2007, property known as Motz Farm addition to HCA for \$2,585,045 and on several dates during the year, the Township purchased several parcels of property, to be known as Harley Woods for \$2,918,265 and the separate Harley Woods conservation easement for \$1,182,837.

During the 2009-2010 fiscal year, the Township made the following land purchase: on March 1, 2010 the property known as Gray Willows Farm for \$7,003,265.

During the 2012-2013 fiscal year, the Township made the following land purchase: on November 2, 2012, the property adjacent to Gray Willows Farm for \$170,957.

During the 2017-2018 fiscal year, the Township made the following land purchase: on March 23, 2018 the property known as the Snow trust adjacent to Headwaters Conservation Area for \$647,210.

During the 2019-2020 fiscal year, the Township made the following land purchase: on July 24, 2019 the property known as 40W011 Old Burlington Road for \$181,000.